

Memory cheat(iOS)

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Excuse the ads! We need some help to keep our site up.

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Memory cheat(iOS)



- 2016 Cheat tool .
 - <https://github.com/Lazenca/Lazenca-A-iOS>
- Tool Memory cheat .
- Tool , .

Development Tools

- Cheat tool Theos .



Theos/Setup

- <http://iphonedevwiki.net/index.php/Theos/Setup>

Structure of Memory Cheat

- Memory cheats tool .

The default behavior of the memory cheat tool.

1	Process attach	task_for_pid() .
2	Check the process memory area	Memory Memory (Memory map) .
3	Memory access	Memory vm_read_overwrite, vm_write .

Process list

SYNOPSIS - sysctl()

- sysctl() .

sysctl SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/sysctl.h>

int sysctl(int *name, u_int namelen, void *oldp, size_t *oldlenp, void *newp, size_t newlen);
```

Management Information Base(MIB)

CTL_KERN	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• .<ul style="list-style-type: none">◦◦ v◦◦◦◦
KERN_PROC	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• .<ul style="list-style-type: none">◦ struct kinfo_proc .

Example

- sysctl() Process list .

RunningProcess.h

```
int mib[4] = {CTL_KERN, KERN_PROC, KERN_PROC_ALL, 0};
size_t miblen = 4;
size_t size = 0;

int st = sysctl(mib, miblen, NULL, &size, NULL, 0);

struct kinfo_proc *process = NULL;
struct kinfo_proc *newprocess = NULL;

do {
    size += size / 10;
    newprocess = (kinfo_proc *)realloc(process, size);
    if (!newprocess){
        if (process){
            free(process);
        }
        return nil;
    }
    process = newprocess;
    st = sysctl(mib, miblen, process, &size, NULL, 0);
} while (st == -1 && errno == ENOMEM);

for (int i = nprocess - 1; i >= 0; i--){
    NSString *processID = [[NSString alloc] initWithFormat:@"%d", process[i].kp_proc.p_pid];
    NSString *processName = [[NSString alloc] initWithFormat:@"%s", process[i].kp_proc.p_comm];
    [processID release];
    [processName release];
}

free(process);
```



BSD Library Functions Manual - SYSCTL(3)

- <https://developer.apple.com/legacy/library/documentation/Darwin/Reference/ManPages/man3/sysctl.3.html>

Process attach

SYNOPSIS - task_for_pid()

- `task_for_pid()` .
 - ID .
 - ID .

SYNOPSIS - task_for_pid()

```
#include <mach/mach.h>
```

```
kern_return_t task_for_pid(struct task_for_pid_args *args);
```



kern_return_t task_for_pid(struct task_for_pid_args *args)

- https://opensource.apple.com/source/xnu/xnu-4570.1.46/bsd/vm/vm_unix.c.auto.html

Example

Process attach

```
int attach(){
    kern_return_t kret;
    tmp_target_task = 0;
    kret = task_for_pid(mach_task_self(),pid,&tmp_target_task);
    if (kret) {
        printf("task_for_pid() failed with message %s!\n",mach_error_string(kret));
    }else{
        printf("attach - target_task : %d, tmp_target_task : %d\n",target_task, tmp_target_task);
        kret = task_suspend(target_task);
        if (kret != KERN_SUCCESS) {
            printf("task_suspend() failed with message %s!\n",mach_error_string(kret));
        }else{
            printf("task_suspend - Success\n");
            return 1;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Check the process memory area

SYNOPSIS - vm_region_recurse()

- **vm_region_recurse()** .
 - 1 task_for_pid() .
 - 2 .
 - 3 .
 - 4 .
 - 5 .
 - protection, max_protection .
 - protection :
 - max_protection :
 - 6 "VM_REGION_SUBMAP_INFO_COUNT" .

SYNOPSIS - vm_region_recurse()

```
#include <mach/mach.h>
kern_return_t vm_region_recurse(
    vm_map_t map,
    vm_offset_t *address,
    vm_size_t *size,
    natural_t *depth,
    vm_region_recurse_info_t info32,
    mach_msg_type_number_t *count)
```

- 64bit .

SYNOPSIS - vm_map_region_recurse_64()

```
kern_return_t
vm_map_region_recurse_64(
    vm_map_t map,
    vm_map_offset_t *address,
    vm_map_size_t *size,
    natural_t *nesting_depth,
    vm_region_submap_info_64_t submap_info,
    mach_msg_type_number_t *count)
```

i `vm_region_recurse()` and `vm_map_region_recurse_64()`

- https://opensource.apple.com/source/xnu/xnu-344.49/osfmk/vm/vm_map.c.auto.html
- https://opensource.apple.com/source/xnu/xnu-4570.1.46/osfmk/vm/vm_map.c.auto.html

struct `vm_region_submap_info`

struct `vm_region_submap_info`

```
struct vm_region_submap_info {
    vm_prot_t          protection; /* present access protection */
    vm_prot_t          max_protection; /* max avail through vm_prot */
    vm_inherit_t       inheritance; /* behavior of map/obj on fork */
    uint32_t           offset; /* offset into object/map */
    unsigned int       user_tag; /* user tag on map entry */
    unsigned int       pages_resident; /* only valid for objects */
    unsigned int       pages_shared_now_private; /* only for objects */
    unsigned int       pages_swapped_out; /* only for objects */
    unsigned int       pages_dirtied; /* only for objects */
    unsigned int       ref_count; /* obj/map mappers, etc */
    unsigned short     shadow_depth; /* only for obj */
    unsigned char      external_pager; /* only for obj */
    unsigned char      share_mode; /* see enumeration */
    boolean_t          is_submap; /* submap vs obj */
    vm_behavior_t      behavior; /* access behavior hint */
    vm32_object_id_t   object_id; /* obj/map name, not a handle */
    unsigned short     user_wired_count;
};
```

i struct `vm_region_submap_info`

- https://opensource.apple.com/source/xnu/xnu-4570.1.46/osfmk/mach/vm_region.h.auto.html

Example

- `vm_region_recurse()`
 - `info.protection, info.max_protection` , `.(VM_PROT_WRITE | VM_PROT_READ)`
 - ,

int findWriteableRegions()

```
int findWriteableRegions(){
    vm_size_t size;
    vm_address_t address;
    natural_t nesting_depth;
    mach_msg_type_number_t infoCnt;

    regionList.clear();

    size = 0;
    address = 0;
    struct vm_region_submap_info info;
    infoCnt = VM_REGION_SUBMAP_INFO_COUNT;

    for (; !vm_region_recurse(target_task,&address,&size,&nesting_depth,(vm_region_recurse_info_t)&info,
    &infoCnt);) {
        if (info.is_submap) {
            ++nesting_depth;
        }else{
            if ((info.protection & (VM_PROT_WRITE | VM_PROT_READ)) == 3 && (info.max_protection &
            (VM_PROT_WRITE | VM_PROT_READ)) == 3) {
                regionStruct.startAddr = address;
                regionStruct.endAddr = size + address;
                regionStruct.size = size;
                regionList.push_back(regionStruct);
                printf("region: %016x-%016x\n",regionStruct.startAddr,regionStruct.endAddr);
            }
            address += size;
        }
    }
    return 1;
}
```

Memory read - vm_read_overwrite(), vm_read()

• .

SYNOPSIS - vm_read_overwrite()

- vm_read_overwrite() .
 - 1 task_for_pid() .
 - 2 .
 - 3 .
 - 4 .
 - 5 .

SYNOPSIS - vm_read_overwrite()

```
#include <mach/mach.h>

kern_return_t vm_read_overwrite(
    vm_map_t          map,
    vm_address_t      address,
    vm_size_t          size,
    vm_address_t      data,
    vm_size_t          *data_size);
```

- vm_read .
- vm_read_overwrite (data_in) .

SYNOPSIS - vm_read()

```
kern_return_t vm_read(
    vm_task_t          target_task,
    vm_address_t       address,
    vm_size_t          size,
    data_out_t         data_out,
    target_task        data_count);
```

vm_read_overwrite and vm_read

- https://opensource.apple.com/source/xnu/xnu-4570.1.46/osfmk/vm/vm_user.c.auto.html
- http://web.mit.edu/darwin/src/modules/xnu/osfmk/man/vm_read.html

Example

- - vm_read_overwrite()
 - startAddress endAddress .
 - 4096byte buffer .

void getValueArea(vm_address_t startAddress,vm_address_t endAddress, void* buffer,long number)

```
void getValueArea(vm_address_t startAddress,vm_address_t endAddress, void* buffer,long number){
    kern_return_t result;

    long readArea = 0;
    vm_size_t outsize;

    while(endAddress > startAddress){
        if (readArea != (startAddress & 0xFFFFFFFFFFFF000)) {
            readArea = startAddress & 0xFFFFFFFFFFFF000;

            outsize = 0;
            result = vm_read_overwrite(target_task, readArea, 4096, (vm_address_t)buffer, &outsize);

            if(!outsize){
                printf("startAddress 64 : %lx, %lx\n",startAddress,endAddress);
                fprintf(stderr,"vm_read_overwrite failed: %lu\n",startAddress &
0xFFFFFFFFFFFF000);
            }
        }

        if (result == KERN_SUCCESS){
            for (int i=0; i<512; i++) {
                memInfoStruct.address = startAddress;
                memInfoStruct.value = *(long*)((char*)buffer + ((startAddress - (startAddress &
0xFFFFFFFFFFFF000)) & 0xFFFFFFFFFFFF8));
                memDataList.push_back(memInfoStruct);
                startAddress += 8;
            }
        }else{
            startAddress += 8;
        }
    }
}
```

Memory write - vm_write()

- .



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